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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/746,712	12	2/21/2000	Joseph Andrew Chinn	CMI-397	. 3630	
23720	7590	04/25/2005	EXAMINER			
WILLIAM 10333 RICH	•	AN & AMERSO	SWEET, THOMAS			
HOUSTON, TX 77042				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
·				3738		

DATE MAILED: 04/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)						
	Office Action Comments	09/746,712	CHINN ET AL.						
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
		Thomas J Sweet	3738						
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address						
THE - Extended after aft	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION IN THIS C	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become Al	eply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communicat BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	tion.					
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05	5 April 2005.		•					
		his action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow	wance except for formal mat	ers, prosecution as to the merits	is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the applicati	on.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9-19</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,2,5 and 6</u> is/are rejected.								
7)⊠	Claim(s) 3,4,7 and 8 is/are objected to.								
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicat	ion Papers								
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	accepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	ection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	1(d).					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.	•					
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
a	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documed as: 2. Certified copies of the priority documed as: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documed application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a light service.	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have beer eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage						
	See the attached detailed Office action for a f	ist of the certified copies flot	TECEIVEU.						
A441	-4/-)	•							
Attachme	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	A\ \ Interview	Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Noti	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	s)/Mail Date						
	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ er No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/19/03</u> .	08) 5) Notice of 6	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)						

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of Group I including only claims 1-8 in the reply filed on 04/05/2005 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2 and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Darouiche et al. (US 5,624,704) in view of Holley et al. (US 6,585,767). Darouiche et al.

discloses a method of treating an implantable device (title) such as a heart valve (col 4, line 44)

by providing an antibiotic solution comprising minocycline and rifampin (col 3, lines 13-17)

) dissolved in a solvent (cols 3-4, lines 55-16), contacting (abstract) said material suitable

(implant) for retaining an antibiotic and said antibiotic solution to obtain an antimicrobial

reservoir, removing the solvent from said antimicrobial reservoir (abstract, drying). However,

Darouiche et al. does not disclose the implantable heart valve being of the construction of a valve

orifice defining a blood flow area, a leaflet coupled to said orifice for movement between an

open position and a closed position, and a sewing cuff coupled to said orifice, said sewing cuff

comprising a material suitable for retaining an antibiotic and implanting said heart valve to

provide resistances to pannus overgrowth. Holley et al. Teaches another heart valve comprising a

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valve orifice defining a blood flow area (col 1, line 5), a leaflet coupled to said orifice for movement between an open position and a closed position (col 1, lines 6-9), and a sewing cuff coupled to said orifice (col 1, lines 27-28), said sewing cuff comprising a material suitable for retaining an antibiotic (col 1, lines 27-28) contacting said material suitable for retaining an antibiotic (fig. 3) to obtain an antimicrobial reservoir on the cuff for the purpose of preventing infection after the step of implanting said heart valve. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to alternatively treat a heart valve sewing cuff as taught by Holley et al. using the method of Darouiche et al. in order to prevent infection after the step of implanting a heart valve. Such a modification amounts to mere substitution of one antimicrobial reservoir for another in the art of heart valves and would inherently provide resistances to pannus overgrowth since the structure is the same as the present claimed invention.

With regard to claims 2 and 6, solvent can be methanol (Col 6, lines 13-18).

With regard to claim 6, Holley et al. teaches said sewing cuff being coupled to said exterior peripheral surface of said heart valve (col 1, lines 40-44).

Claims 1-2 and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shu et al. (US 5,948,019) in view of Darouiche et al. (US 5,624,704). Shu et al. discloses a method of providing resistance to pannus overgrowth to an implantable prosthetic heart valve (title) comprising; providing an implantable heart valve (such as prior art fig. 1) comprising a valve orifice (12) defining a blood flow area, a leaflet (12.1) coupled to said orifice for movement between an open position and a closed position (col 1, lines 13-24), and a sewing cuff (14)

coupled to said orifice, said sewing cuff comprising a material suitable for retaining an antibiotic (semi-permeable) and implanting said heart valve (col 1, lines 25-42). However, Shu et al. does not discloses providing an antibiotic solution comprising minocycline and rifampin dissolved in a solvent contacting said material suitable for retaining an antibiotic and said antibiotic solution to obtain an antimicrobial reservoir and removing the solvent from said antimicrobial reservoir. Darouiche et al. teaches another heart valve (col 4, line 44) treated by a method providing an antibiotic solution comprising minocycline and rifampin (col 3, lines 13-17) dissolved in a solvent (cols 3-4, lines 55-16), contacting (abstract) said material suitable (implant) for retaining an antibiotic and said antibiotic solution to obtain an antimicrobial reservoir, removing the solvent from said antimicrobial reservoir (abstract, drying) for the purpose of preventing infection after implantation. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to treat a heart valve including the sewing cuff as taught by Shu et al using the method of Darouiche et al. in order to prevent infection after the step of implanting a heart valve.

With regard to claims 2 and 6, solvent can be methanol (Col 6, lines 13-18).

With regard to claim 6, the sewing cuff of Shu et al is coupled to said exterior peripheral surface of said heart valve, so inherently at some point a step on coupling was preformed.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3-4 and 7-8 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance. The prior art of record does not teach or render obvious using supercritical carbon dioxide as a solvent for the combination of minocycline and rifampin used for coating a heart valve sewing cuff.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas J Sweet whose telephone number is 571-272-4761. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 am - 5:00pm, M-Th.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine M McDermott can be reached on 571-272-4754. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

CORRINE McDERMOTT SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700